



REPUBLIC OF KENYA
NATIONAL SOCIAL PROTECTION SECRETARIAT

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Launch of the Kenya Social Protection Monitoring and Evaluation Framework 2018-2022

This webinar aims to present an overview on the structures that support development M&E systems in Kenya while highlighting the experience of development and implementation of the Kenya Social Protection Monitoring and Evaluation Framework 2018-2019 (SPM&EF) and the Kenya Social Protection Annual Report 2018/19.

Introduction

The Kenya Social Protection Monitoring and Evaluation Framework (SPM&EF) 2018-2022, highlights the aspirations of the Ministry of Labour and Social Protection of achieving the outcomes and intended impact of the Kenya Social Protection (SP) Sector policy and programs. Its main focus is to measure outcomes of the main social protection programs implemented by Government of Kenya (GOK) as outlined in the Kenya Social Protection Policy 2019.

The first version of the SPM&EF 2018-2022 was developed in 2018 alongside the National Social Protection Policy of 2011. This is therefore a reviewed version of the framework based on the Kenya Social Protection Policy 2019. The framework contains a results framework and a monitoring framework. The results framework is based on a theory of change approach; it sets out a linkage between different levels of the SP goal, expected impacts, outcomes, outputs, inputs and activities. The theory holds that if these outcomes are achieved they will result in the goal of *“ensuring that the people of Kenya live in dignity and are able to exploit their human capabilities to further their development and contribute to the economy”*.

Objectives of the SP M&EF

The overall objective the M&E framework is to provide a tool for the systematic and routine monitoring, evaluation and reporting of high level indicators of the progress and achievements of the Social Protection Sector in Kenya for the period 2018-2022. Specifically it sets out to;

- Facilitate evidence based decision making in development of policy, support coordination and inform resource allocation by the stakeholders in the sector;
- Generate data and validate the achievements of the objectives of the Kenya Social Protection policy;
- Outline indicators to track progress of the sector using the monitoring framework for the SP.

Rationale of SP M&E Framework

The M&E framework responds to the current challenges that characterize the Kenya Social Protection Sector which include; the weak data sharing links for reporting between the GOK single registry and other GOK approved MIS systems that support social protection reporting and the lack of a tracking system to support the evidence based policy review and implementation.

The SPM&EF brings together all the stakeholders developing and implementing social protection programs across the main line Government ministries, Semi-Autonomous Government Agencies (SAGAs), development partners and private entities.

Outline of the Framework

The Kenya social protection sector policy 2019 adopts a life cycle approach that supports the implementation of social protection based on the basic social protection guarantees that shall be established by law, in line with ILO 202. The policy recognizes the socio-economic changes that have occurred in the recent years, particularly in terms of poverty reduction between 2016 and 2006. About 36.1% of Kenyans lived below the poverty line in 2016, down from 46.7% in 2006. It gives emphasis to outlined measures laid out by the **Vision 2030 Third Medium Term Plan (2018-2019)** -MTP III. The plan states that “*the Government will implement measures towards achieving comprehensive social protection*”. The policy puts forward a reorganization of the Social Protection system into four pillars that recognizes the progress observed in the sector since the adoption of the of the 2011/12 NSPP: **Pillar 1: Income security. Pillar 2: Social health protection Pillar 3: shock-responsive social protection Pillar4: complementary programmes.**

The SPM&EF outlines high level outcome results statements for each pillar in the social protection policy 2019. In order to achieve the Impact result, the following outcomes under each pillar will be achieved;

- *Pillar 1: Income security: Outcome Statement 1.* By 2022, increased proportions of Kenyans have access to income security through social assistance and social security programs.
- *Pillar 2: Health Protection: Outcome Statement 2.* By 2022, increased proportions of Kenyans have access to Health care through health insurance schemes.
- *Pillar 3: shock-responsive social protection: Outcome statement 3:* By 2022, increased proportions of Kenyans have access to social protection during shocks, emergency and disasters.
- *Pillar 4: complementary programmes: Outcome statement 4:* By 2022, vulnerable HH and individuals have access to livelihood strategies through complementary programs
- *Coordination and Linkages of SP sector: Outcome Statement 5.* National, County governments and relevant stakeholders have improved coordination mechanisms to enhance coverage of Vulnerable HH and Individuals in social protection programs.

The Annual Kenya Social Protection Report covers the period 2018/19 financial year and highlights the activities undertaken by the National Social Protection Secretariat (NSPS) and partners in the Social

Protection Sector (SPS). The objective of this report is to provide a status of the social protection sector over the last FY 2018/19. The report which is based on the Social Protection M&EF 2018-2022 reviews achievements realized on the National Social Protection Policy, 2011 pillars; social assistance, social health insurance, social security, and additionally providing a brief on shock responsive and complementary social protection.

The report highlights the achievements of each pillar; and outline data on high level indicators on coverage, expenditure, both in benefits paid and the administrative costs in administration of SP programs and also highlights on capacities available in the sector during the period of review.

Conclusion

Implementation of the framework will require all the stakeholders and other people of goodwill to consider using this framework in reporting on the various social protection services they continue to offer to the Kenyan people.